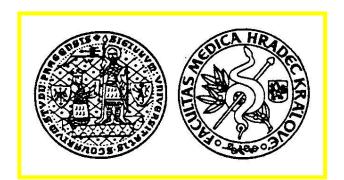
VÝVOJ TECHNOLOGIE TAVI SPOLEČNOSTI EDWARDS LIFESCIENCES



I.interní kardioangiologická klinika Lékařská fakulta UK Hradec Králové Kardiocentrum Fakultní nemocnice Hradec Králové



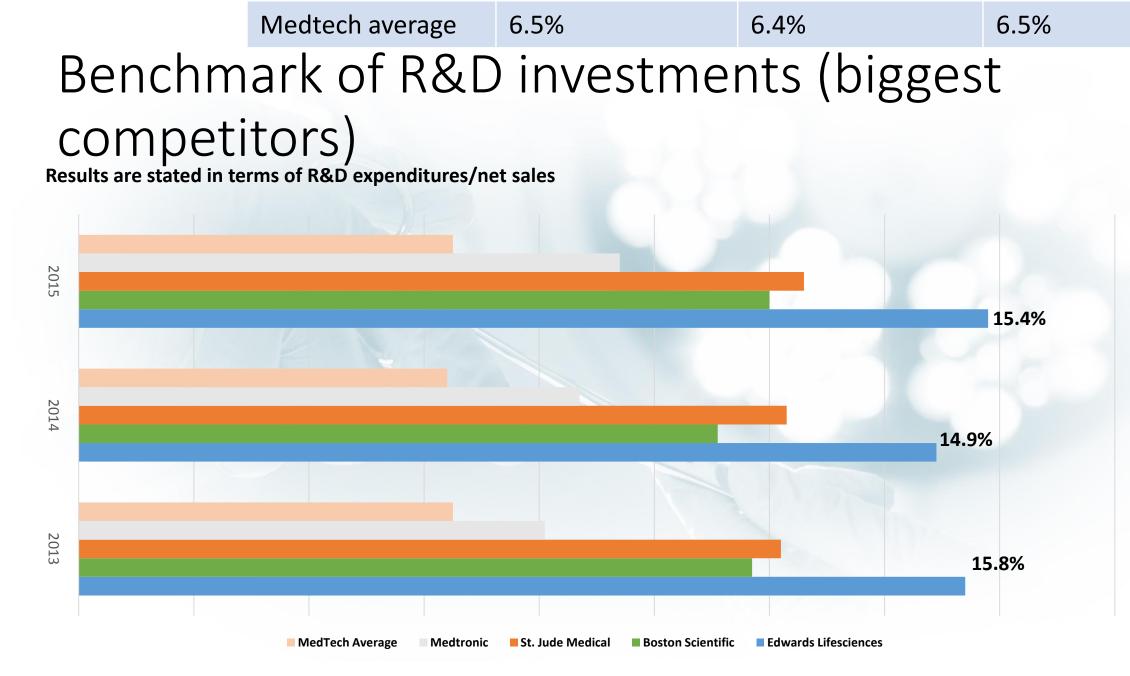




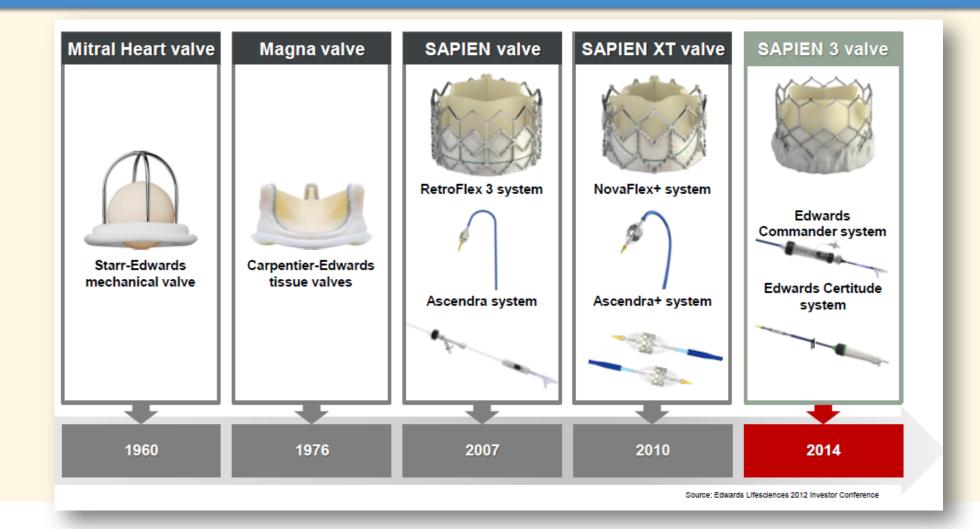
Edwards Lifesciences' History: Patient Needs Drive Innovation

- Replace the patient's diseased heart valve
 - Mechanical heart valve (1960s)
- Eliminate patient's reliance on warfarin
 - Tissue heart valve (1970s)
- **Repair** the patient's native valve
 - Mitral and tricuspid annuloplasty rings (1970s)
- Improve clinical performance of tissue valves
 - Bioengineered pericardial heart valves
 - Anti-calcification tissue treatments (1980s)

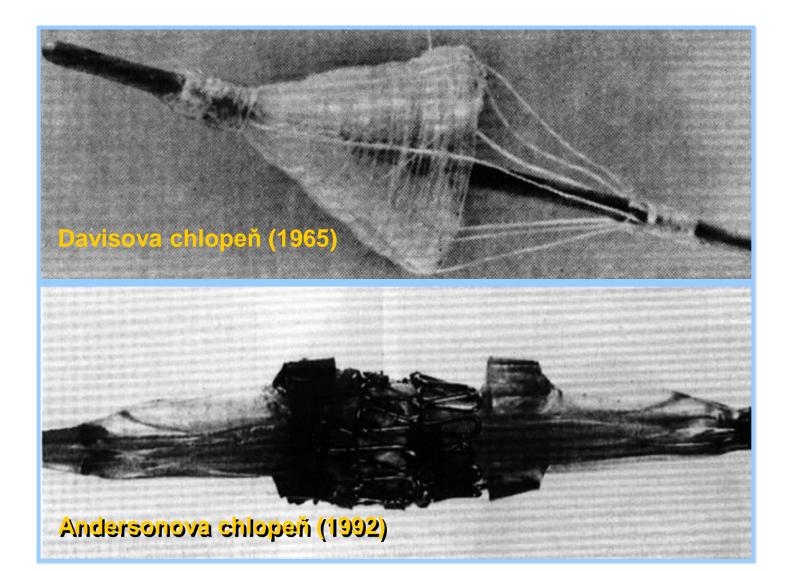




With a Robust Transcatheter Valve Pipeline Built on Foundation of Surgical Heart Valve Knowledge



Perkutánní implantace aortální chlopně

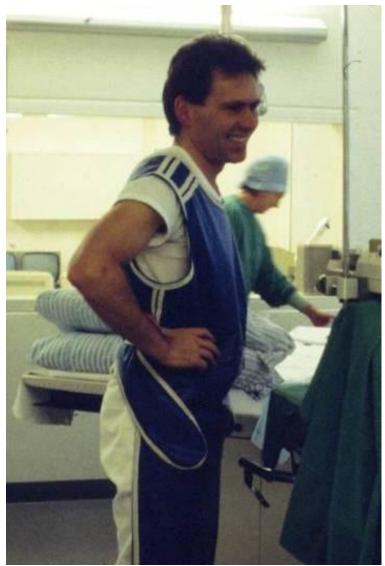


1989: The Journey Begins



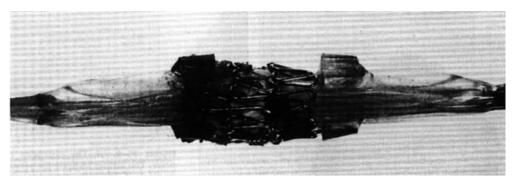
Dr. Henning Andersen (May 1, 1989)

Andersen & Colleagues: Balloon-Expandable Aortic Heart Valve



- Porcine aortic valve sutured to a stainless steel frame
- Crimped on a triple balloon catheter: 41F
- IP acquired by Heartport
- No further development

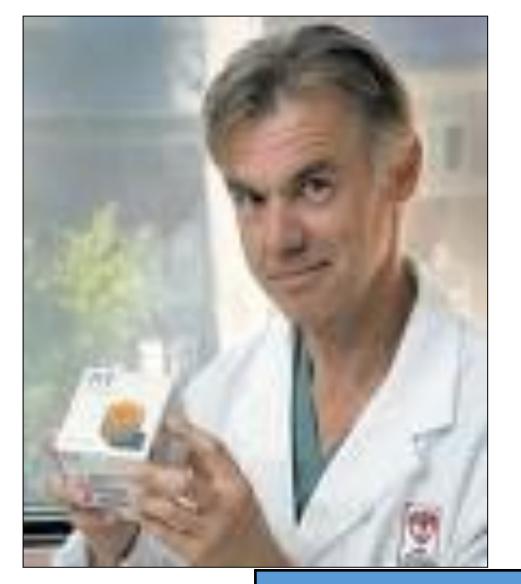






1989-1999: Looking for a company interested by the project of "stented valve" for percutaneous treatment of calcific AS

- Comments:
- « Interesting idea but not a priority »
- « Totally irrealistic, major technical issues »
- "Definitely impossible to stent a calcific aortic valve"
- "Occlusion of coronary arteries in 100% of cases"
- « Would never be approved by FDA »
- « Surgery covers 100% of the need. No indication»
- « Most stupid project ever heard...»



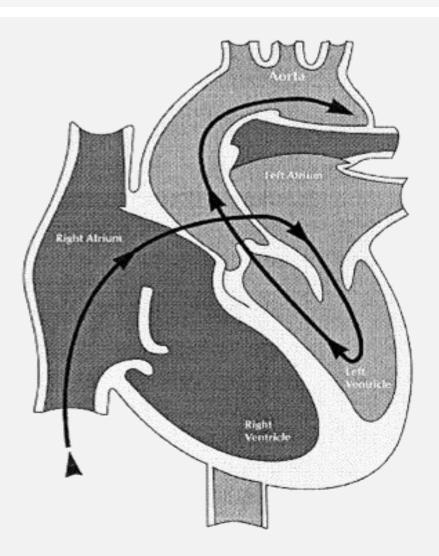
Retrográdní přístup (od. 2005)

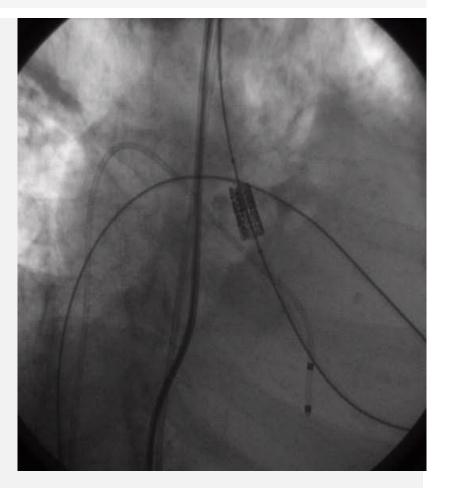
- Retroflex katétr
- Transapikální přístup

John Webb

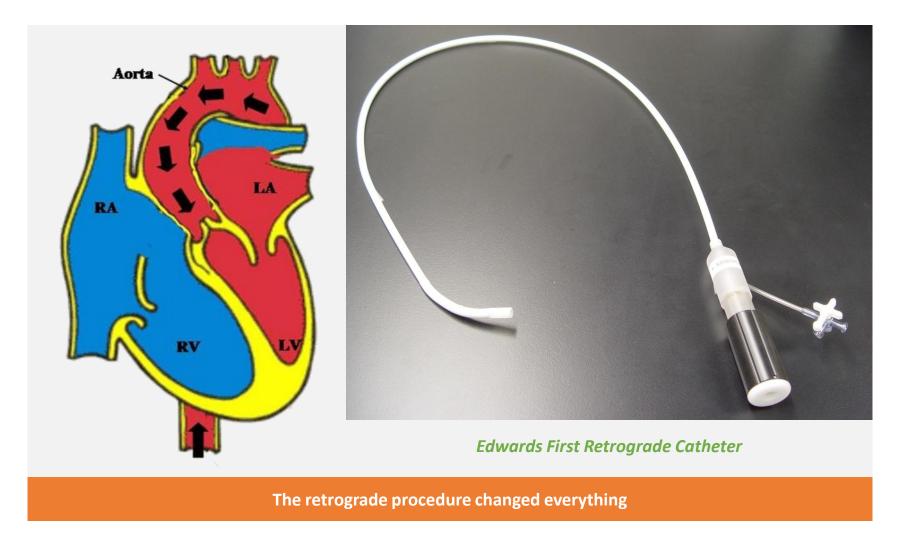
"The antegrade approach is a technically challenging and complex procedure"

– George Hansel & Bill O'Neill





We Needed A Better Procedure



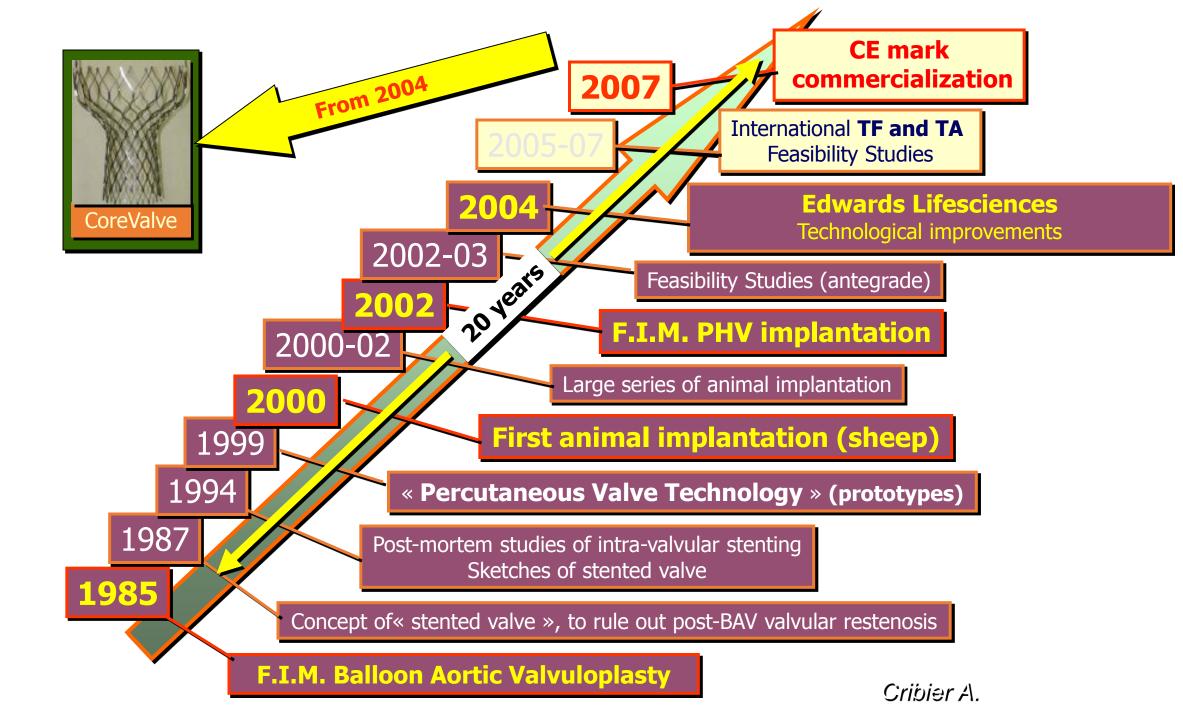


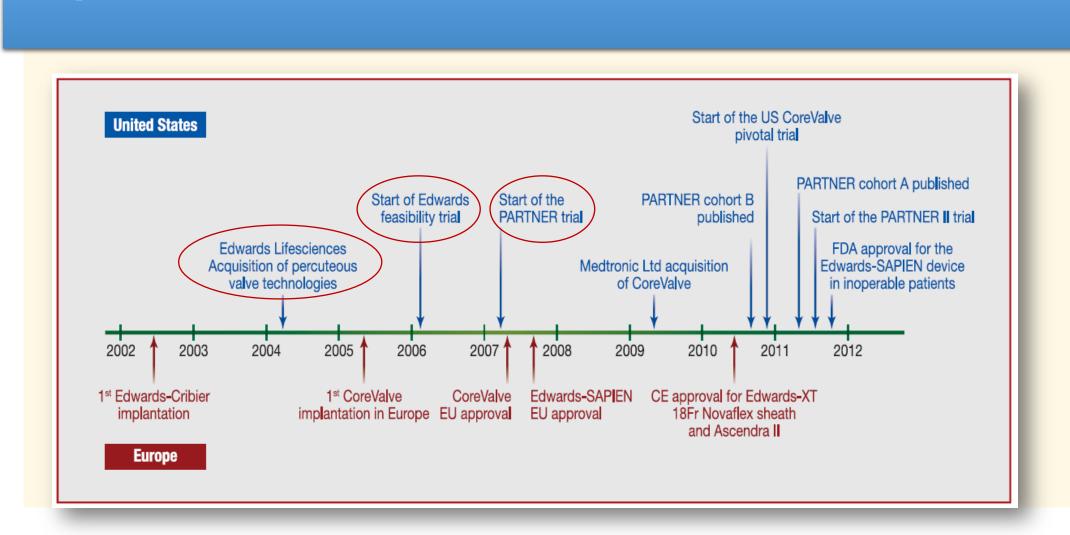
1999: Edwards Starts THV Program

- Evaluated three different frame design concepts
 - Flat sheet design
 - Tube design
 - Crown design



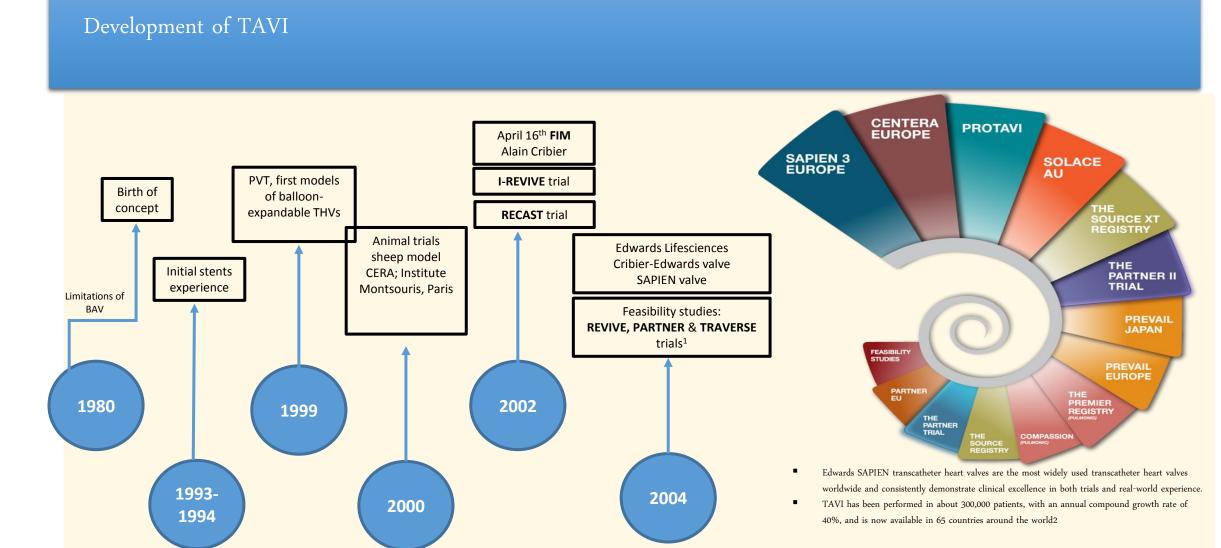
Ironically, as the market leader in Heart Valves, there was no tension with surgeons. ... They were convinced this idea would not work





Dvir et al I The development of transcatheter aortic valve replacement in the USA I Archives of Cardiovascular Disease (2012) 105, 160–164

Development



Edwards Transcatheter Heart Valve Innovation:

Applying Valve Knowledge and Development of Retrograde DS



The technology evolution to serve the clinical results

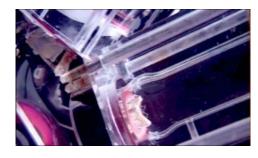
Edwards SAPIEN valve

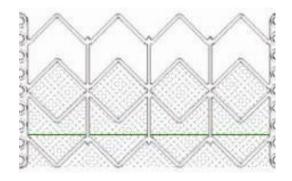


Pericardial Leaflets with TFX treatment

Only two sizes: 23 and 26 mm







- Laser Cut Stainless Steel frame designed to resist frame fracture
 - 316L biomedical grade stainless steel frame
 - Tested to ISO5840:2005 and FDA surgical Heart Valve Guidance
 - Frame fatigue testing simulating 15 years

Edwards SAPIEN Transcatheter Heart Valve is Balloon-Expandable



- Balloon-expandable valves exert consistent radial strength
- The frame on the Edwards SAPIEN valve is made from 316L biomedical grade stainless steel tubing
- On balloon crimped

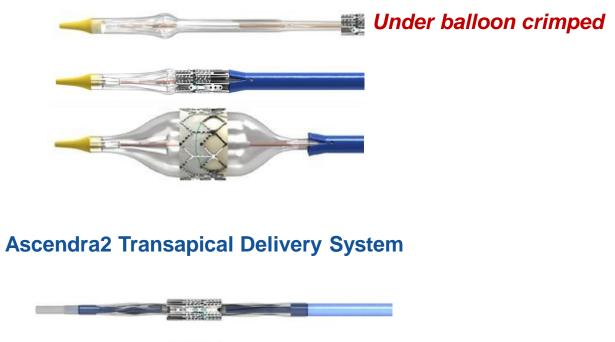
Edwards SAPIEN XT Transcatheter Heart Valve Delivery Systems

Edwards SAPIEN XT THV



Cobalt chromium alloy

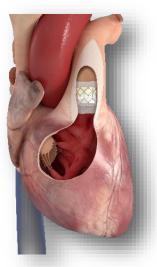
NovaFlex Transfemoral Delivery System



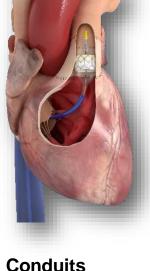


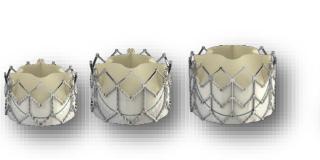
The SAPIEN XT valve is approved to treat more patients than ever

The SAPIEN XT value is the first transcatheter heart value approved to treat pre-stented transannular patches, conduits, and surgical value-in-value in the pulmonic position



Pre-stented Transannular Patches







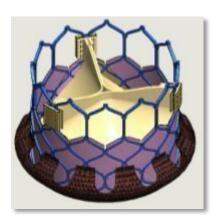
Additional Valve Size 29 mm Approval

Valve-in-valve In the Pulmonic Position

The SAPIEN 3 Valve System Development Timeline

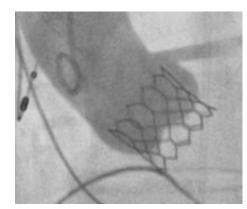
2010 2011	2012	2013
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Concept selection



- Development work for FIM
- Delivery systems development
- Valve testing
- Manufacturing process development
- Refinement of valve and delivery systems and development of additional sizes
- Clinical trial preparation

 Clinical trial enrollment and follow-up



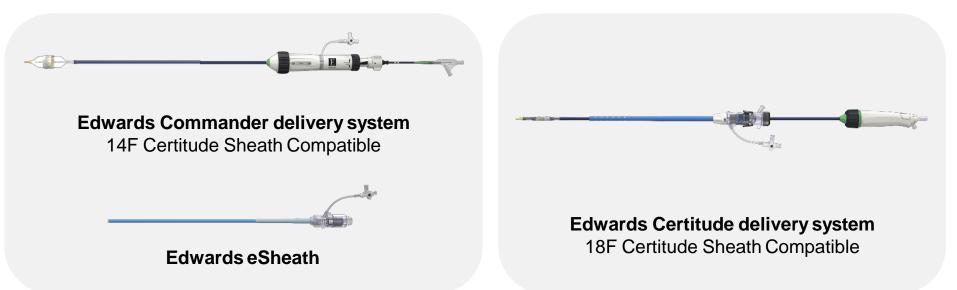
The SAPIEN 3 Valve and the current Delivery systems



SAPIEN 3 valve

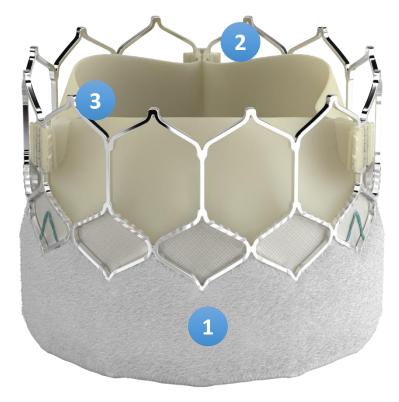
Transfemoral Delivery System

Transapical and Transaortic Delivery System



Edwards SAPIEN 3 Ultra Transcatheter Heart Valve

featuring a taller, textured PET outer skirt



Taller, Textured PET Outer Skirt

- Approximately 40% increased outer skirt height*
- Same inner skirt height*
- Textured PET material
- Similar biocompatible material as the SAPIEN 3 valve

1

2

3

Frame Design

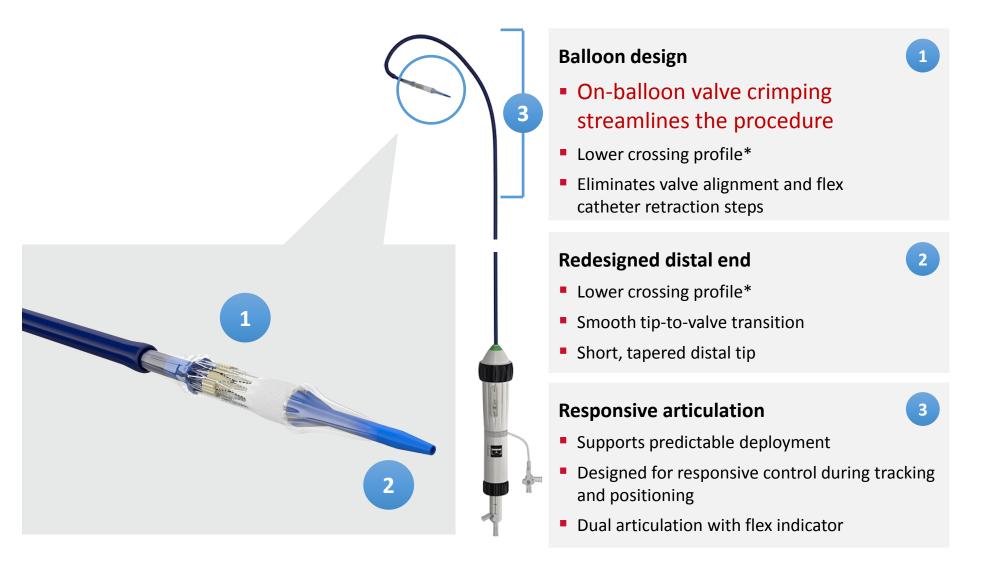
 Frame geometry designed for an ultra-low delivery profile with high radial strength for circularity and optimal haemodynamics

Bovine Pericardial Tissue

 Utilises the same bovine pericardial tissue and processes as Edwards surgical valves

Edwards SAPIEN 3 Ultra Delivery System

Streamlining TAVI procedures

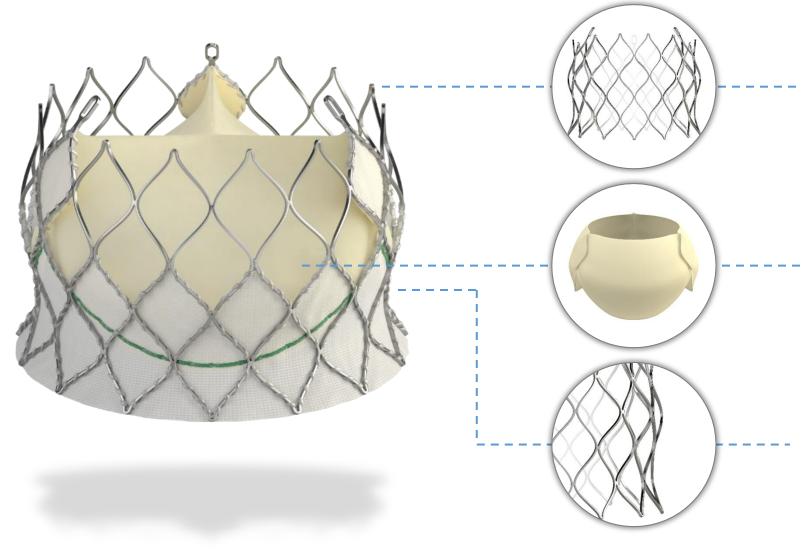


Edwards SAPIEN 3 Ultra Transcatheter Heart Valve

Increased outer skirt height	Textured outer skirt	Frame and leaflet design
Approximately 40% taller outer skirt*	 Textured PET material Similar biocompatible material as the SAPIEN 3 valve 	 Cobalt chromium alloy frame for circularity
Same inner skirt height*		 Bovine pericardial tissue leaflets
		 Leaflet shape optimised for haemodynamics

* Compared to the SAPIEN 3 valve

Edwards CENTERA Transcatheter Heart Valve



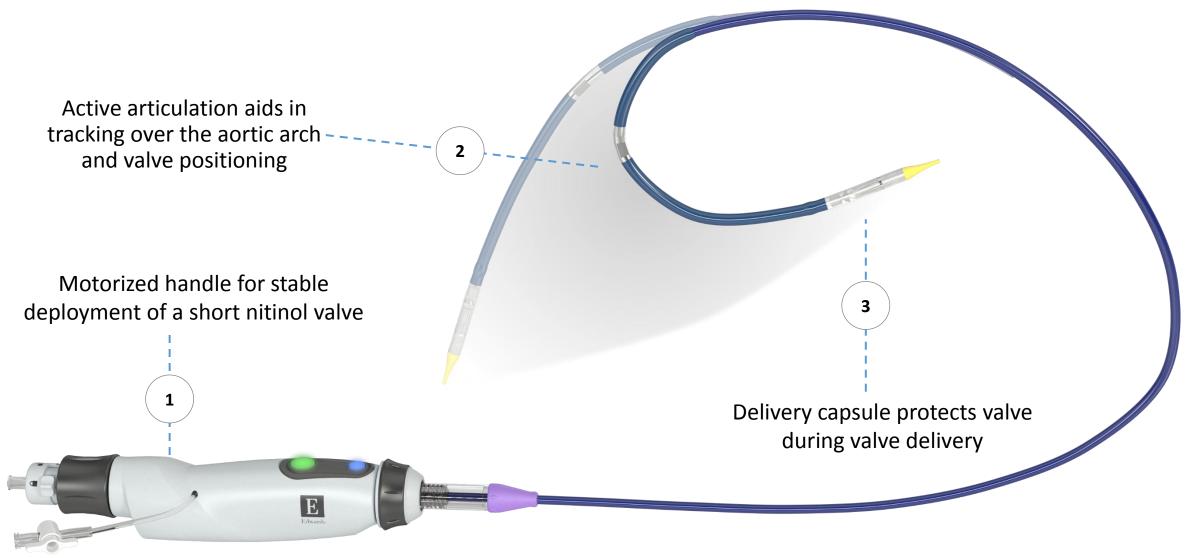
Short frame height designed to respect the cardiac anatomy

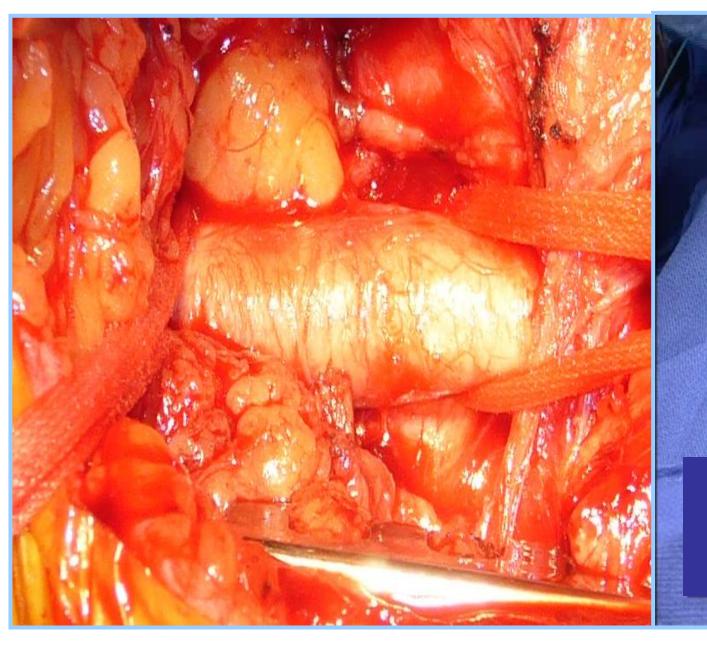
- Same bovine pericardial tissue as SAPIEN valve family
- Novel tissue technology allows the valve to be stored dry

Unique contoured frame

geometry designed to anchor and seal within the annulus for low PVL rates

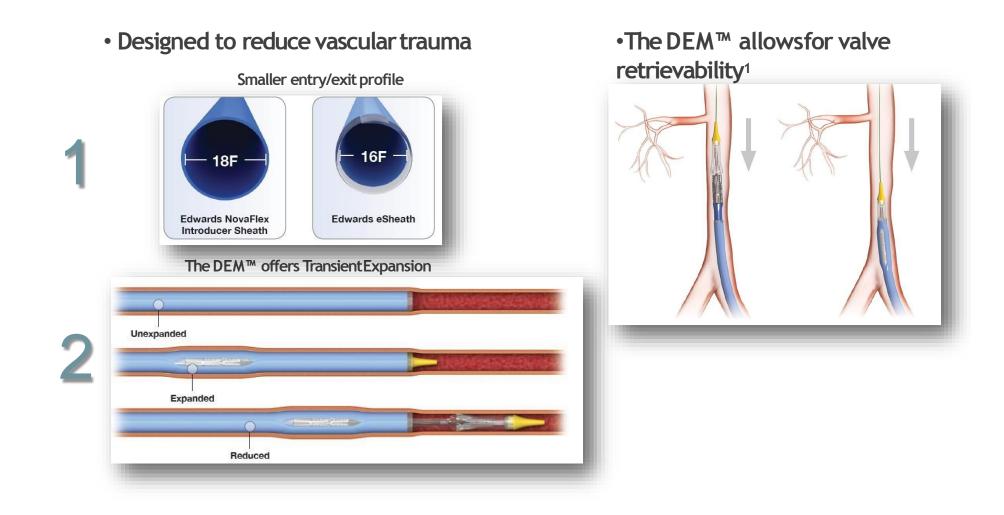
Edwards CENTERA Delivery System





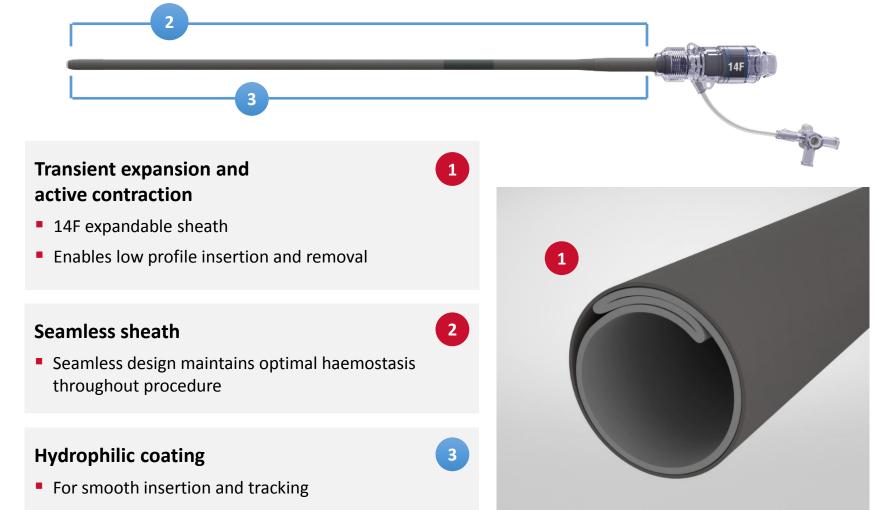
22 nebo 24 F zavaděč

From a standard sheath to the eSheath delivery system



Edwards Axela Sheath

Next-generation 14F expandable, seamless sheath



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Děkuji za pozornost